


Indopol H300 DLC[®]-A

1: Identification

Product identifier:	Indopol H300 DLC [®] -A	
Other means of identification:	Polybutene on silicon dioxide	
Supplier:		NATROCHEM, Inc. P.O. Box 1205 Savannah, GA 31402-1205 912-236-4464
Recommended use:		
Restrictions on use:	Not applicable.	
Emergency phone number:	CHEMTREC (USA)	800-424-9300
	CHEMTREC (Int'l)	202-483-7616

2: Hazard(s) identification

OSHA/HCS status:	While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
GHS classification:	Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word:

WARNING

Symbol(s):



Hazard statements:

Hazards not otherwise classified:

May form combustible dust concentrations in the air.

Precautionary statements:

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention:

Avoid breathing dust.

Response:

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

In case of fire: Use appropriate media for surrounding fire to extinguish.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

Storage: contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.
 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.
Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3: Composition

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Ingredient	Synonyms	CAS number	Concentration (%)
Polybutene	Isobutylene/butene copolymer	9003-29-6	70-74
Silica, amorphous, precipitated, and gel	Silicon dioxide	112926-00-8	26-30

Contains no detectable crystalline silica (detection limit <0.01% by weight)

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4: First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM, OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have SDS information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular, or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical irritation.

Inhalation: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or

	recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs.
Skin contact:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Ingestion:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>	
Eye contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation Redness
Inhalation:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Coughing Respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Dryness
Ingestion:	No specific data.
<u>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</u>	
Notes to physician:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:	Water spray, foam, dry chemical, or CO ₂ .
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	Rapid depolymerization can occur in a fire and produce flammable vapours. May depolymerize at temperatures above 200°C with the production of extremely flammable butane monomers. Vapour may cause fire. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products:	Decomposition products may include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.
Special protective actions for firefighters:	Where open cell insulation has been contaminated with polybutene, spontaneous combustion may occur at temperatures as low as 138°C (250°F) and any insulation contaminated with polybutene should be replaced immediately.
Special protective equipment for firefighters:	Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Product forms slippery surface when combined with water.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in **Section 8** on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information immediately above in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container.

Large spill: Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see **Section 8**). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust or vapour. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. When transferring material into flammable solvents, use proper grounding to avoid electrical sparks. Avoid alteration of product properties before use. Calcining (which may result in crystalline silica formation) or mixing with additives may alter toxicological properties.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: See also **Section 8** for additional information on hygiene measures. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials (see **Section 10**) and food and drink. A potentially flammable atmosphere may be generated if material is held hot for prolonged periods. Keep container tightly

closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabeled containers.

8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Recommended monitoring procedures:

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere, or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Appropriate engineering controls:

Environmental exposure controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure that they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters, or engineering modifications to process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. When handling hot material, wear heat-resistant gloves that are able to withstand the temperature of molten product.

Body protection:

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection:

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection:

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated

exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:	Powder, solid, or granular solid.
Color:	White to off-white.
Odor:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold:	Not available.
pH:	Not available.
Melting/freezing point:	Not available.
Boiling point and range:	Not available.
Flash point:	125C to 165C, P-M closed cup (257F to 329F)
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability:	Not available.
Flammability or explosive limits:	Not available.
Vapor pressure:	Not available.
Vapor density:	Not available.
Relative density:	Not available.
Solubility:	Insoluble in: hot water, cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not applicable.

10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	May depolymerize at temperatures above 200°C with the production of extremely flammable butenes.
Conditions to avoid:	High temperature (>800°C) treatment (calcining). Avoid alteration of product properties before use. Calcining (which may result in crystalline silica formation) or mixing with additives may alter toxicological properties. Avoid generating dust. Keep away from all sources of ignition, heat, sparks, and flame. Avoid strong oxidizing conditions. Avoid extended exposure to

temperatures above 60°C in the presence of air.
 Refer to protective measures listed in **Sections 7 and 8**.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids, oxidizing materials, strong alkalis, acidic clays at > 100°C.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Ingredient	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Polybutene	LD50 dermal	Rabbit	>10,250 mg/kg	-
	LD50 oral	Rat	>34,600 mg/kg	-

Irritation/corrosion

Conclusion/summary

Skin: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eyes: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sensitization

Conclusion/summary:

Skin: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Respiratory: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity:

Conclusion/summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Classification

Ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Silica, amorphous, precipitated, and gel	-	3	-

Carcinogen classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: [Known/Reasonably anticipated] to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Target organs

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs:
 upper respiratory tract, eyes.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure:

Routes of entry anticipated: oral, dermal, inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:

May cause irritation.

Inhalation:

Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs. Exposure to aerosol or particulates from heated material may cause adverse lung effects if high concentrations are inhaled.

Skin contact:

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Ingestion:

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhea.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Irritation

Redness

Inhalation:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Coughing

Respiratory tract irritation

Skin contact:

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Dryness

Ingestion:

May cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhea.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure

Conclusion/summary:

An epidemiological study was conducted which included 165 precipitated silica workers who had been exposed an average time of 8.6 years. Of these 165 workers, 44 had been exposed for an average of 18 years. No adverse effects were noted in complete medical examinations (including chest roentgenograms) of these workers. Pulmonary function decrements were correlated only with smoking and age but not with the degree or duration of dust exposures. Laboratory studies have also been conducted in small animals via inhalation of levels of precipitated silica dust of up to 126 mg/m³ per periods from six months to two years. Although precipitated silica was temporarily deposited in animals' lungs, most of the deposited material was cleared soon after the dust exposure ended. The results of all studies performed by, or known to, PPG indicated a very low order of pulmonary activity for synthetic precipitated silicas. PPG recommends that persons with breathing problems or lung disease should not work in dusty areas unless a physician approves and certifies their fitness to wear respiratory protection.

Short-term exposure

Potential immediate effects

No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical irritation.

Potential delayed effects

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Long-term exposure

Potential immediate effects

Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Potential delayed effects

Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Potential chronic health effects

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General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Ingredient	Result	Species	Exposure
Silica, amorphous, precipitated, and gel	NOEC > 1000 ppm	Daphnia – <i>daphnia magna</i>	24 hours
	Acute NOEC > 10000 ppm fresh water	Fish	96 hours static
	Acute NOEC > 10000 ppm	Fish – <i>brachydanio rerio</i>	4 days static
Polybutene	EC50 > 1000 mg/L (similar material)	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 > 1000 mg/L (similar material)	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/summary:

Polybutene: Aquatic studies of material with very low water solubility often refer to the amount of chemical added to the test system, not the amount dissolved in water. Most acute aquatic toxicity studies of these have used the water-accommodated fraction (WAF) obtained by mixing the test chemical in water for 20-24 hours, then siphoning the water for use in the test. The water-soluble fraction (WSF) is a similar approach. These materials are not expected to adversely affect microbial activity. Following a modified OECD Method 209, bacterial inhibition using activated sludge microbes was tested with several grades of this material. The tests showed no bacterial inhibition at loadings of up to 25 mg/L, measured through oxygen consumption (respiration). In separate tests, the biological oxygen demand (BOD) of the microorganisms was measured. In these tests, there was no evidence of bacterial toxicity, even at loadings of about 200,000 mg/L. In addition, the epoxidized form of this material was found to be non-mutagenic and non-toxic to the microorganism used in the Ames mutagenicity assay, *salmonella typhimurium*.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/summary: This product is unlikely to biodegrade at a significant rate.

Ingredient	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
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Silica, amorphous, precipitated, and gel	-	-	Not readily
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Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Silica, amorphous, precipitated, and gel	-	0	low

Mobility in soil

Mobility:

This product is not likely to move rapidly with surface or groundwater flows because of its low water solubility. This product is not likely to volatilize rapidly in the air because of its low vapor pressure.

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}):

Not available.

Other adverse effects:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Sections 6, 7, and 8 for additional information on accidental release measures, handling and storage, and exposure controls.

14: Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Additional information	-	-	-

Special precautions for user:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code:

Not available.

15: Regulatory information

Inventory status

United States inventory (TSCA 8b):	All components are listed or exempted.
Australia inventory (AICS):	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory (DSL):	All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC):	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory (REACH):	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (ENCS):	Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
Korea inventory (KECI):	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand inventory (NZIoC):	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS):	All components are listed or exempted.

United States

US Federal regulations:

SARA Title III

Section 302 – Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or are regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

Section 311/312 – Hazard Categories:

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 311/312 regulated or are regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

Section 313 – Toxic Chemicals:

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) – Reportable Quantity (RQ)

The components of this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

US State regulations:

New Jersey Right to Know:

No components are subject to the New Jersey Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right to Know:

No components are subject to the Pennsylvania Right to Know Act.

California Prop. 65:

No components are subject to California Prop. 65.

16: Other information

Hazardous Material Identification System (USA)

HEALTH	1
FLAMMABILITY	1
REACTIVITY	0

PERSONAL PROTECTION

* - chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1901.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J.J.Keller 800-327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Key to abbreviations:	ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
	BCF	Bioconcentration factor
	GHS	Globally harmonized system of classification and labeling of chemicals
	IATA	International Air Transport Association
	IBC	Intermediate bulk container
	IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow	Logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL 73/78	International convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973, as modified by the Protocol of 1978. (MARPOL = marine pollution)
	UN	United Nations

Disclaimer:

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