

LUPEROX® ANS55

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Company

Arkema Inc. 900 First Avenue King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

Functional Additives

Customer Service Telephone Number: (800) 331-7654

(Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM EST)

Emergency Information

Transportation: CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 (24 hrs., 7 days a week)

Rocky Mountain Poison Center: (866) 767-5089 Medical:

(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

Product Information

LUPEROX® ANS55 Product name: Not available Synonyms: Molecular formula: Mixture

Chemical family: Organic peroxide - diacyl peroxides

Product use: initiator/catalyst

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Color: white Physical state: semi-solid Form: paste

Odor: Slightly benzaldehyde-like

*Classification of the substance or mixture: Organic peroxides, Type D, H242 Eye irritation, Category 2B, H320 Skin sensitisation, Category 1, H317 Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B, H360 Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1, H400 Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1, H410

*For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 1 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

GHS-Labelling

Hazard pictograms:









Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H242: Heating may cause a fire.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H320: Causes eye irritation.

H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<u>Supplemental Hazard Statements:</u> Organic peroxide.

Hazardous decomposition may occur.

Product code: 094000 Page: 2 / 19 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020



LUPEROX® ANS55

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P220: Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.

P234: Keep only in original container.

P261: Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves or eye protection or face protection.

P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:

P302 + P352 : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305 + P351 + P338 : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P333 + P313 : If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391: Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 : Store locked up. P410 : Protect from sunlight.

P411 + P235 : Maximum storage temperature is specified on label and in section 7 of SDS. Keep cool.

P420: Store away from other materials.

Disposal

P501: Dispose of contents or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other

If product becomes dry, exposure to powder or dust may occur. Contains high molecular weight polymer(s) and low levels of residual formaldehyde.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS



LUPEROX® ANS55

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
Dibenzoyl peroxide	94-36-0	>= 55 - < 58 %	H241, H320, H317, H400, H410
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester	85-68-7	>= 23 - < 33 %	H360, H400, H411
Water	7732-18-5	>= 10 - < 18 %	Not classified
Proprietary copolymer	Proprietary*	>= 2 - < 4.5 %	Not classified

^{*}The specific chemical identity is withheld because it is trade secret information of Arkema Inc.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures:

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air.

Skin

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Eyes

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

For most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed), see Section 2 (Hazard Statements and Supplemental Information if applicable) and Section 11 (Toxicology Information) of this SDS.

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 4 / 19

^{**}For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.



LUPEROX® ANS55

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Unless otherwise noted in Notes to Physician, no specific treatment noted; treat symptomatically.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media (suitable):

Water spray, Foam, Dry chemical

Protective equipment:

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

Further firefighting advice:

Fight fire with large amounts of water from a safe distance.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Closed containers of this material may explode when subjected to heat from surrounding fire.

After a fire, wait until the material has cooled to room temperature before initiating clean-up activities.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Fire and explosion hazards:

Contact with materials to avoid or exposure to temperatures exceeding the SADT may result in a self-accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may autoignite.

When burned, the following hazardous products of combustion can occur:

Carbon oxides

Hazardous organic compounds

Benzene

Benzoic acid

Biphenyl

Phenyl benzoate



LUPEROX® ANS55

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, Emergency procedures, Methods and materials for containment/clean-up:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid generation of vapors. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material such as sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate, calcium carbonate, clean sand or non-acidic clay and then wet down (dampen) the mixture with water. DO NOT USE peat moss. Sweep or scoop up using non-sparking tools and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal. The sweepings should be wetted down further with water. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

Protective equipment:

Appropriate personal protective equipment is set forth in Section 8.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

General information on handling:

Contact with materials to avoid or exposure to temperatures exceeding the SADT may result in a self-accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which may autoignite.

Do not taste or swallow.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Do not breathe dust.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.

No smoking.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Prevent product contamination.

Keep container tightly closed and away from combustible materials.

Keep only in the original container.

Container hazardous when empty.

Do not reuse container as it may retain hazardous product residue.

Emptied container retains product residue.

Implement routine housekeeping practices to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements.

Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations.

DÓ NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.

Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and/or illegal.

Storage

General information on storage conditions:

Keep in a dry, cool place. Store in closed containers, in a secure area to prevent container damage and subsequent spillage. Segregated or detached storage is preferred. Store out of direct sunlight in a cool well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Store away from combustibles and materials to avoid. Refer also to National Fire

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 6 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Protection Association (NFPA) Code 400, Hazardous Materials Code.

Storage stability - Remarks:

Follow the recommended storage temperatures provided in this Section in order to maintain stability and oxygen content.

Storage incompatibility - General:

Store separate from:

Strong acids

Strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

Amines

Reducing agents

Accelerators

Friedel - Crafts reaction catalyst

Brass

Copper

Iron

For all Organic Peroxides, compatible materials of contact are stainless steel 304 or 316 (preferred), high-density polyethylene (HDPE), polytetrafluoroethylene or glass linings.

Temperature tolerance – Do not store below:

36 °F (2 °C)

Temperature tolerance – Do not store above:

100 °F (38 °C)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Airborne Exposure Guidelines:

Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Time weighted average 5 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

PEL: 5 mg/m3

Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section. Limits with skin contact designation above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required. Limits with a sensitizer designation above mean that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.

Engineering controls:

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 7 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.

Respiratory protection:

Do not breathe dust. Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces need for face shield and/or chemical goggles. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

Skin protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant protective clothing and chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact. Consult glove manufacturer to determine appropriate type glove material for given application. Rinse immediately if skin is contaminated. Wash contaminated clothing and clean protective equipment before reuse. Provide a safety shower at any location where skin contact can occur. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Eye protection:

Where there is potential for eye contact, wear a face shield, chemical goggles, and have eye flushing equipment immediately available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: white

Physical state: semi-solid

Form: paste

Odor: Slightly benzaldehyde-like

Odor threshold: No data available

Flash point The flashpoint of this product is greater than the Self Acceleration Decomposition

Temperature (SADT).

Auto-ignition temperature:

temperature

No data available.

Lower flammable limit

(LFL):

No data available

Upper flammable limit

(UFL):

No data available

pH: Not applicable

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 8 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Density: 1.22 g/cm3

Specific Gravity (Relative

density):

1.22 (77 °F(25 °C))Water=1 (liquid)

Vapor pressure: No data available.

Vapor density: No data available.

Boiling point/boiling

range:

Decomposes before boiling. Rate of decomposition increases with rising

temperature.

Melting point/range: No data available

Freezing point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available

Solubility in water: insoluble

Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

Oil/water partition

coefficient:

No data available.

Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature (SADT): 129 °F (54 °C) 50 pound container

Thermal decomposition: No data available

Active oxygen content: 3.63 - 3.83 %

Flammability: See GHS Classification in Section 2 if applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

This material is chemically unstable and should only be handled under specified conditions. See HANDLING AND STORAGE section of this MSDS for specified conditions.

Hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Materials to avoid:

Strong acids Strong bases Strong oxidizing agents Reducing agents Accelerators

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 9 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Friedel - Crafts reaction catalyst

Amines

Brass

Copper

Iron

For all Organic Peroxides, compatible materials of contact are stainless steel 304 or 316 (preferred), high-density polyethylene (HDPE), polytetrafluoroethylene or glass linings.

Conditions / hazards to avoid:

See HANDLING AND STORAGE section of this MSDS for specified conditions. SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature. Lowest temperature at which the tested package size will undergo a self-accelerating decomposition reaction. This reaction will generate flammable vapors which may autoignite. The length of time to generate a decomposition reaction, after the SADT has been reached or exceeded, is dependent upon how much the SADT has been exceeded and the length of time needed for the reaction exotherm (heat spike from increasing decomposition rate) to initiate a rapid decomposition reaction. Typically, SADT is inversely proportional to package size. Larger packages will have a lower SADT due to smaller ratio to heat transfer area to volume of product.

Hazardous decomposition products:

Temperatures at or above SADT can result in the release of hazardous decomposition products which are flammable and may autoignite.

Thermal decomposition giving flammable and toxic products:

Carbon oxides

Hazardous organic compounds

Benzene

Benzoic acid

Biphenyl

Phenyl benzoate

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Oral:

Acute toxicity estimate > 5,000 mg/kg.

Data for Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0)

Acute toxicity

Oral:

Practically nontoxic. (rat) LD0 > 5,000 mg/kg. (78 %)

Inhalation:

No deaths occurred. (rat) 4 h LC0 = 24.3 mg/l. (78 %) (dust/mist)

Skin Irritation:

Not irritating. (rabbit) (4 h) (78 %)

Eye Irritation:

Causes eye irritation. (rabbit) (78 %)

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 10 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Skin Sensitization:

May cause allergic skin reaction. LLNA: Local Lymph Node Assay. (mouse) Skin allergy was observed. (Strong sensitizer)

May cause allergic skin reaction. Buehler Test. (guinea pig) Skin allergy was observed.

Repeated dose toxicity

Repeated dietary administration to rat / affected organ(s): testes / signs: atrophy / (Repeated exposure at high concentrations)

Chronic dermal administration to rat, mouse / No adverse systemic effects reported.

Carcinogenicity

Chronic dietary, dermal administration to rat and mouse / No increase in tumor incidence was reported. Classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as: Group 3: Unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.

Genotoxicity

Assessment in Vitro:

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria, animal cells

Genotoxicity

Assessment in Vivo:

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: mice

Developmental toxicity

Exposure during pregnancy. Oral (rat) / No birth defects were observed. (delays in development)

Reproductive effects

Reproductive/Developmental Effects Screening Assay. Oral (rat) / No toxicity to reproduction / (reductions in birth weight, decreased growth rate)

Human experience

Inhalation:

Throat: irritating. (dust) (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)

Nose: irritating. (dust) (based on reports of occupational exposure to workers)

Human experience

Skin contact:

Skin: Skin allergy was observed. (repeated or prolonged exposure) (studied using human volunteers)

Data for 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester (85-68-7)

Acute toxicity

Oral:

May be harmful if swallowed. (rat) LD50 = 2,330 mg/kg.

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 11 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Dermal:

Practically nontoxic. (rabbit) LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg.

Inhalation

No deaths occurred. (rat) 6 h (saturated vapor)

Skin Irritation:

Not irritating. (rabbit)

Eye Irritation:

Not irritating. (rabbit)

Skin Sensitization:

Not a sensitizer. Guinea pig maximization test. No skin allergy was observed.

Repeated dose toxicity

Repeated oral, inhalation administration to rat / affected organ(s): pancreas, kidney, liver / signs: changes in organ weights, changes in body weight, changes in organ structure or function

Chronic dietary administration to mouse / signs: changes in body weight

Carcinogenicity

Chronic dietary administration to female rat / affected organ(s): urinary bladder / signs: leukemia / Increased incidence of tumors was reported.

Chronic dietary administration to male rat / affected organ(s): pancreas / Increased incidence of tumors was reported.

Chronic dietary administration to mouse / No increase in tumor incidence was reported.

Classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as: Group 3: Unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.

Genotoxicity

Assessment in Vitro:

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria, animal cells

Genotoxicity

Assessment in Vivo:

Both positive and negative responses for genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: mice

Developmental toxicity

Exposure during pregnancy. dietary (rat) / Birth defects were observed. (at doses that produce effects in mothers)

Exposure during pregnancy. dietary (rabbit) / No birth defects were observed.

Exposure during pregnancy. dietary (mouse) / Birth defects were observed. (at doses that produce effects in mothers)

Reproductive effects

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 12 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Reproduction test. dietary (rat) / Effects on fertility

Human experience

Skin contact:

No skin allergy or irritation was observed.. (repeated or prolonged exposure) (studied using human volunteers)

Data for Proprietary copolymer (Proprietary)

Acute toxicity

Oral:

May be harmful if swallowed. LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg.

Skin Irritation:

Not irritating. (rabbit) OECD Test Guideline 404

Eye Irritation:

Not irritating. (rabbit) OECD Test Guideline 405

Genotoxicity

Assessment in Vitro:

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria

Other information

The information presented is from representative materials in this chemical class. The results may vary depending on the test substance.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemical Fate and Pathway

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Data for Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0)

Biodegradation:

Readily biodegradable. (28 d) biodegradation 71 % / OECD Test Guideline 301 D

Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:

log Pow: = 3.2

Data for 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester (85-68-7)

Biodegradation:

Readily biodegradable. (14 d) biodegradation 81 %

Bioaccumulation:

21 d BCF 188 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish))

Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:

log Pow: = 4.91, at 68 °F (20 °C)

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 13 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Data for Proprietary copolymer (Proprietary)

Biodegradation:

Not readily biodegradable. Water

Ecotoxicology

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Data for Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0)

Aquatic toxicity data:

Very toxic. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 96 h LC50 = 0.0602 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates:

Very toxic. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 48 h EC50 (Immobilization) = 0.11 mg/l

Algae:

Very toxic. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 72 h ErC50 = 0.071 mg/l

Microorganisms:

Respiration inhibition / Activated sludge 30 min EC50 = 35 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

Very toxic. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 21 d EC10 (Reproduction inhibition) = 0.001 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic plants:

Toxic. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 72 h NOEC r 0.02 mg/l

Data for 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester (85-68-7)

Aquatic toxicity data:

Very toxic. Shiner perch (Cymatogaster aggregate) 96 h LC50 = 0.51 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates:

Very toxic. Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp) 48 h LC50 0.9 mg/l

Algae:

Very toxic. Navicula pelliculosa 72 h EC50 (Growth inhibition) = 0.66 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish:

Harmful. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 124 d NOEC = 0.2 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

Toxic. Mysidopsis bahia 28 d NOEC = 0.075 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic plants:

Harmful. Navicula pelliculosa 72 d NOEC = 0.17 mg/l

Data for Proprietary copolymer (Proprietary)

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 14 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

The information presented is from representative materials in this chemical class. The results may vary depending on the test substance.

Aquatic toxicity data:

Practically nontoxic. Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) 96 h LC50 > 100 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates:

Practically nontoxic. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 48 h EC50 > 100 mg/l

Microorganisms:

Respiration inhibition / Activated sludge 30 min EC10 > 1,000 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal:

Disposal via incineration is recommended. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

Take appropriate measures to prevent release to the environment.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation (DOT)

UN Number : 3106

Proper shipping name : Organic peroxide type D, solid

Technical name : (Dibenzoyl peroxide, >52-62%, (as a paste))

Class : 5.2 Marine pollutant : yes

Reportable quantity : 100 lbs (Butyl benzyl phthalate)

5000 lbs (Benzoic acid)

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN Number : 3106

Proper shipping name : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID

Technical name : (DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE, >52-62%, (AS A PASTE))

Class : 5.2 Marine pollutant : yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 15 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Chemical Inventory Status

US. Toxic Substances Control Act **TSCA** The components of this product are all on the TSCA Inventory. Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) DSL All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in IECSC (CN) Conforms to China (IECSC) Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical ENCS (JP) Conforms to Substances Inventory Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances ISHL (JP) Does not conform Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) KECI (KR) Conforms to Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical PICCS (PH) Does not conform Substances (PICCS) Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) AICS Conforms to

United States - Federal Regulations

SARA Title III – Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Reactivity Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA Title III – Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Chemical name	CAS-No.	De minimis concentration	Reportable threshold:
Dibenzoyl peroxide	94-36-0	1.0 %	25000 lbs (Manufacturing and processing) 10000 lbs (Otherwise used (non- manufacturing/processing))

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):



LUPEROX® ANS55

Chemical name Reportable quantity CAS-No. 100 lbs

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl 85-68-7

phenylmethyl ester

Benzoic acid 65-85-0 5000 lbs

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dibutyl ester 10 lbs 84-74-2

75-01-4 Ethene, chloro-1 lbs

United States - State Regulations

New Jersey Right to Know

Chemical name CAS-No. Dibenzoyl peroxide 94-36-0

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester 85-68-7

New Jersey Right to Know – Special Health Hazard Substance(s)

Chemical name CAS-No. Dibenzoyl peroxide 94-36-0 85-68-7 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester

Pennsylvania Right to Know

CAS-No. Chemical name Dibenzoyl peroxide 94-36-0

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester 85-68-7

Water 7732-18-5

Proprietary copolymer Proprietary

65-85-0 Benzoic acid

84-74-2 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dibutyl ester

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 17 / 19



LUPEROX® ANS55

Pennsylvania Right to Know – Environmentally Hazardous Substance(s)

<u>Chemical name</u>	CAS-No.
Dibenzoyl peroxide	94-36-0
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester	85-68-7
Benzoic acid	65-85-0
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dibutyl ester	84-74-2

California Prop. 65

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Chemical name	CAS-No.
Formaldehyde	50-00-0

Ethene, chloro- 75-01-4

Benzene, (chloromethyl)- 100-44-7

Benzene, (trichloromethyl)- 98-07-7

Acetaldehyde 75-07-0

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Chemical name	CAS-No.
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, butyl phenylmethyl ester	85-68-7

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dibutyl ester 84-74-2

Methanol 67-56-1

16. OTHER INFORMATION



LUPEROX® ANS55

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H241 Heating may cause a fire or explosion.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H320 Causes eye irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Latest Revision(s):

 Reference number:
 200008812

 Date of Revision:
 10/29/2020

 Date Printed:
 10/30/2020

LUPEROX® is a registered trademark of Arkema Inc.

The statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof. Since the conditions and methods of use of the product and of the information referred to herein are beyond our control, ARKEMA expressly disclaims any and all liability as to any results obtained or arising from any use of the product or reliance on such information; NO WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE GOODS DESCRIBED OR THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN. The information provided herein relates only to the specific product designated and may not be applicable when such product is used in combination with other materials or in any process. The user should thoroughly test any application before commercialization. Nothing contained herein constitutes a license to practice under any patent and it should not be construed as an inducement to infringe any patent and the user is advised to take appropriate steps to be sure that any proposed use of the product will not result in patent infringement. See SDS for Health & Safety Considerations.

Arkema has implemented a Medical Policy regarding the use of Arkema products in Medical Devices applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids (http://www.arkema.com/en/social-responsibility/responsible-product-management/medical-device-policy/index.html) Arkema has designated Medical grades to be used for such Medical Device applications. Products that have not been designated as Medical grades are not authorized by Arkema for use in Medical Device applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids. In addition, Arkema strictly prohibits the use of any Arkema products in Medical Device applications that are implanted in the body or in contact with bodily fluids or tissues for greater than 30 days. The Arkema trademarks and the Arkema name shall not be used in conjunction with customers' medical devices, including without limitation, permits the use of Arkema products in such medical devices.

It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to determine the suitability (including biocompatibility) of all raw materials, products and components, including any medical grade Arkema products, in order to ensure that the final end-use product is safe for its end use; performs or functions as intended; and complies with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements (FDA or other national drug agencies). It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to conduct all necessary tests and inspections and to evaluate the medical device under actual end-use requirements and to adequately advise and warn purchasers, users, and/or learned intermediaries (such as physicians) of pertinent risks and fulfill any postmarket surveillance obligations. Any decision regarding the appropriateness of a particular Arkema material in a particular medical device should be based on the judgment of the manufacturer, seller, the competent authority, and the treating physician.

Product code: 094000 Version 2.3 Issued on: 10/29/2020 Page: 19 / 19