

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## **ROHM & HAAS CHEMICALS LLC**

Product name: PARALOID™ KF-710 Specialty Modifier

Issue Date: 11/18/2021 Print Date: 07/01/2022

ROHM & HAAS CHEMICALS LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: PARALOID™ KF-710 Specialty Modifier

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Plastics Additive

#### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

ROHM & HAAS CHEMICALS LLC Agent for Rohm and Haas Chemicals LLC 400 ARCOLA ROAD COLLEGEVILLE PA 19426-2914 UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436

SDSQuestion@dow.com

#### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 1 800 424 9300 **Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Hazard classification**

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust
Skin sensitisation - Category 1

Label elements
Hazard pictograms



Signal word: WARNING!

#### **Hazards**

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### Prevention

Avoid breathing dust.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves.

#### Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents and/or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

No data available

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Acrylic/styrene copolymer.

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration	
Acrylic polymer(s)	Not hazardous	>= 99.0 - <= 100.0 %	
Styrene	100-42-5	< 0.7 %	
Acrylic monomer	Not Required	< 0.8 %	

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## Description of first aid measures

## General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

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**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water. No emergency medical treatment necessary.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung disease.

## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Water spray.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** No information currently available...

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** No hazardous combustion products are known.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: No data available

#### Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Isolate the area immediately for at least 50 meters in all directions..

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit..

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Wear compatible, chemically resistant gloves. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing dust. Material can create slippery conditions. Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation.

**Environmental precautions:** CAUTION: Keep spills and cleaning runoff out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Use water spray to keep dusting to a minimum.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not breathe dust. Do not breathe vapors, mist or gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Ground all metal containers during storage and handling. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in original container. Avoid temperature extremes during storage; ambient temperature preferred. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, and other sources of ignition. Other data: Avoid high concentrations of dust in air and accumulation of dust on equipment. An airborne dust of this material can create a dust explosion. When handling and processing this material local exhaust ventilation may be required to control dust and reduce exposure to vapors. To prevent dust explosions employ bonding and grounding for operations capable of generating static electricity. Protect all equipment from explosions by following the guidelines in NFPA-68 and NFPA-69. For electrical equipment follow local codes and electrical classification NFPA-70 (the National Electrical Code), class II, division 2, group G.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Control parameters**

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value	
Styrene	OSHA Z-2	TWA	100 ppm	
	OSHA Z-2	CEIL	200 ppm	
	OSHA Z-2	Peak	600 ppm	
	ACGIH	TWA	10 ppm	
	Further information: Ototoxi relevance to humans	Further information: Ototoxicant; A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans		
	ACGIH	STEL	20 ppm	
	Further information: Ototoxi relevance to humans	cant; A3: Confirmed animal	carcinogen with unknown	

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Styrene	100-42-5	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyox ylic acid	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	400 mg/g Creatinine	ACGIH BEI
		Styrene	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	40 μg/l	ACGIH BEI

#### **Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

## Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized.

**Other protection:** No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. In dusty or misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Particulate filter.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** 

Physical state Powdered solid Color Free-flowing white Odor Pungent, sweet odor **Odor Threshold** No data available Not applicable Melting point/range Not applicable Freezing point No data available **Boiling point (760 mmHg)** Not applicable Flash point Not applicable **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate** Not applicable

= 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Lower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNot applicableVapor PressureNot applicableRelative Vapor Density (air = 1)Not applicable

Relative Density (water = 1) 1.1000
Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n- No data available

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** 400.00 °C (752.00 °F) **Decomposition temperature** No data available

Dynamic ViscosityNot applicableKinematic ViscosityNo data availableExplosive propertiesNo data availableOxidizing propertiesNo data availableMolecular weightNo data available

Percent volatility negligible

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: None reasonably foreseeable.

**Chemical stability:** Stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions: None known.

Product will not undergo polymerization.

Stable

Conditions to avoid: No data available

**Incompatible materials:** Prolonged contact with acids, alkalies and strong oxidizing agents may attack or dissolve the polymer.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

## **Acute oral toxicity**

## Information for the Product:

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

For similar material(s):

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

## Information for components:

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## Acrylic polymer(s)

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Styrene

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

## **Acute dermal toxicity**

#### Information for the Product:

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

For similar material(s):

LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

### Information for components:

### Acrylic polymer(s)

For similar material(s): LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg

## Styrene

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

## Acute inhalation toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to dust. Dust may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs.

For similar material(s):

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 3.36 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

#### Information for components:

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

Dust may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs.

For similar material(s): LC50, Rat, dust/mist, > 3.4 mg/l

#### Styrene

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, vapour, 11.8 mg/l

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Information for the Product:

Based on testing for product(s) in this family of materials: Essentially nonirritating to skin.

## Information for components:

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

## **Styrene**

Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Repeated contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Information for the Product:

Based on testing for product(s) in this family of materials:

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

## Information for components:

## Acrylic polymer(s)

May cause slight eye irritation.

#### Styrene

May cause moderate eye irritation.

May cause moderate corneal injury.

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).

## Sensitization

## Information for the Product:

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

## Information for components:

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

## **Styrene**

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

## **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

#### Information for the Product:

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

## Information for components:

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

#### Styrene

May cause respiratory irritation. Route of Exposure: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

### **Aspiration Hazard**

#### Information for the Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### Information for components:

## Acrylic polymer(s)

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### **Styrene**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

#### Information for the Product:

A 13-week inhalation study in rats of a compositionally similar acrylic powder showed inflammatory effects in the lung at concentrations of 6 mg/m3 for 6 hours per day, 5 days per week. These findings were consistent with high concentration exposure effects reported for other non-soluble dusts. Maintaining airborne dust concentrations within the recommended exposure limit is not expected to produce adverse effects within the lung.

## Information for components:

## Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

#### Styrene

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Central nervous system.

Kidney.

Liver.

Respiratory tract.

Lung effects have been observed in mice following repeated exposure to styrene. Styrene is reported to have caused hearing loss in laboratory animals. Chronic and intensive styrene exposure is reported to reduce the hearing thresholds in workers. Some studies in humans allege that repeated exposure to styrene may result in minor, subclinical decreases in the ability to discriminate between colors.

## Carcinogenicity

#### Information for the Product:

No relevant data found.

## Information for components:

## Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

#### Styrene

An increased incidence of lung tumors was observed in mice from an inhalation study on styrene. The relevance of this finding to humans is uncertain since data from mode of action investigations of mouse lung tumors coupled with other long-term animal studies and epidemiology studies of workers exposed to styrene do not provide a basis to conclude that styrene is carcinogenic.

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Component	List	Classification
Styrene	IARC	Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to
-		humans
	US NTP	Reasonably anticipated to be a human
		carcinogen
	ACGIH	A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with
		unknown relevance to humans

## **Teratogenicity**

#### Information for the Product:

No relevant data found.

## Information for components:

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

#### Styrene

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

## Reproductive toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

No relevant data found.

## Information for components:

## Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

#### Styrene

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

## Mutagenicity

#### Information for the Product:

No relevant data found.

## Information for components:

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

#### Styrene

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were inconclusive. Animal genetic toxicity studies were inconclusive

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### **General Information**

There is no data available for this product.

## **Toxicity**

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

## Acute toxicity to fish

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 For similar material(s):

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

For similar material(s):

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 For similar material(s):

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

## Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

For similar material(s):

EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 999 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

For similar material(s):

NOEC, Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate, 92 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

#### Toxicity to bacteria

For similar material(s):

EC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

## **Styrene**

## Acute toxicity to fish

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test, 96 Hour, 4.1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

## Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 23 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, 4.7 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

## Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 4.9 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent EC10, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 96 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 0.28 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

## Toxicity to bacteria

NOEC, Pseudomonas putida, 16 Hour, 72 mg/l

#### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 1.01 mg/l

#### Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, 120 mg/kg

#### Persistence and degradability

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

**Biodegradability:** For similar material(s): Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

## **Styrene**

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation under aerobic static laboratory conditions is high (BOD20 or BOD28/ThOD > 40%). Material is expected to be readily biodegradable. Material has inherent, ultimate biodegradability according to OECD test (s) guidelines (reaches > 60 or 70% biodegradation in OECD test(s).

10-day Window: Pass Biodegradation: 87 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.08 mg/mg

Chemical Oxygen Demand: 2.89 mg/mg Dichromate

### Biological oxygen demand (BOD)

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	34 %
10 d	47 %
20 d	54 %

**Photodegradation** 

Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitization:** OH radicals **Atmospheric half-life:** 3.5 Hour

Method: Estimated.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

#### Acrylic polymer(s)

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

#### Styrene

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.95 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 13.5 Fish Measured

## Mobility in soil

## Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

#### Styrene

Partition coefficient (Koc): 520 - 920 Estimated.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods:** Place powder in air-tight bags. For disposal, incinerate or landfill at a permitted facility in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

**Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers retain product residues. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and illegal. Refer to applicable federal, state and local regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

## Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport

Transport in bulk Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

### Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Combustible dust

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

ComponentsCASRNEthyl acrylate140-88-5Styrene100-42-5

## Pennsylvania

Any material listed as "Not Hazardous" in the CAS REG NO. column of SECTION 2, Composition/Information On Ingredients, of this MSDS is a trade secret under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act.

## California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethyl acrylate, Styrene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

## **United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)**

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

## **Hazard Rating System**

#### **HMIS**

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
1	1	0

#### Revision

Identification Number: 11095668 / 1001 / Issue Date: 11/18/2021 / Version: 8.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

## Legend

3	
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
CEIL	Acceptable ceiling concentration
OSHA Z-2	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2
Peak	Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	8-hour, time-weighted average

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DOT - Department of Transportation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA -Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical

Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

ROHM & HAAS CHEMICALS LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.